

BOLSHEVIKI FLEE BEFORE UKRAINIANS

Soviet Ultimatum Compels Armenia to Allow Passage of the Soviet Troops.

PERSIAN FORCES RETIRE

Lithuanians Quitting Kovno as Insurgents Drive Encircling Movement.

By the Associated Press.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—Bolshevik Russian forces which have been fighting against the Ukrainians along the Dniester River are retreating over the entire front, it is stated in despatches received here. Their line passes through the town of Zmerinka, about 140 miles southwest of Kiev.

The Armenians have agreed to permit the passage of Soviet troops through Armenia, as recently demanded in an ultimatum presented to Armenia by the Russian Soviet representative, Legrand, on condition that the Turkish Nationalist troops are withdrawn, says a Tiflis despatch of Wednesday's date received here to-day.

The Persian division has been withdrawn after little fighting, as it had apparently become demoralized by Bolshevik propaganda, the despatch adds.

By the Associated Press.
RIGA, Oct. 30.—The Lithuanian Government is hastily evacuating Kovno and is removing all railway material possible to Shavli and other points of northern Lithuania as a result of Gen. Zelinski's insurgent army having broken through the Lithuanian front near the town of Vilkomir, forty-five miles northeast of Kovno, last evening. Gen. Zelinski's offensive continues along the whole front and his forces are attempting to surround Kovno and attack it from the rear.

POLES SEIZE HOMES TO PROVIDE HOUSING

Government Commandeers All Private Residences.

WARSAW, Oct. 30.—All rooms in private dwellings have been commandeered by the Government to meet the housing situation in this city. This action was taken because of the approach of cold weather and the serious shortage of living accommodations in Warsaw. Only three rooms will be allowed for a family without children, regardless of the wealth or social position of the tenant.

Warsaw has doubled in population since the war, and further complications were caused by recent arrival of thousands of Bolshevik prisoners who have not been disposed of by the peace terms. Food distribution will be largely in the hands of the American Relief Administration this winter, as in the past. Hoover food drafts, which pour into the country with every mail, are saving thousands from death by starvation.

WRANGEL WITHDRAWS REPELLING RED ATTACK

Retires to Better Position to Await Soviet Forces.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 29.—Gen. Baron Wrangel, the anti-Bolshevik leader in South Russia, is drawing in his lines preparatory to expected attacks by the Russian Soviet forces, according to advices received here from the southern Russian front to-day.

Gen. Wrangel has given up Orskov, but is repulsing the Bolsheviks, who are attempting to cross the Dniester at Akeshki, southeast of Klieron, and other points.

PRINCE PAUL INSISTS FATHER TAKE THRONE

Yields Also to Brother, but Will Yield to the People.

By the Associated Press.
LUGERNE, Switzerland, Oct. 29.—Prince Paul of Greece, replying to the Greek Minister's offer of the throne of Greece on condition that both his father, former King Constantine, and his brother, Prince George, recognize Paul as right to the throne, said he did not share the Greek Government's view.

"The throne belongs to my august father, who is willing to subordinate his return to the wishes of the Greek people," declared Prince Paul. "George, constitutionally, is his successor. Neither has he renounced his rights. But I am willing to ascend the throne if the Greek people decide they do not wish the return of my father and exclude my brother."

SHORTAGE OF BREAD THREATENS ARGENTINA

Mills Reported Closing for Lack of Grain.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 30.—An immediate bread shortage is threatened unless the Government, which now holds practically the entire stock of wheat remaining in the country, releases this to mills, according to millers who in a general meeting to-day voted to make representations to the Government in order to secure grain.

Already four large mills have closed down, and the master bakers threaten to raise the price of bread November 1 unless some action is taken.

The millers pointed out that practically every mill in the country will be closed down next week unless the Government releases 125,000 tons of wheat purchased some months ago from local agencies of foreign Governments.

FRANCE TELLS BRITAIN NOT TO WAIVE TREATY

Objects to Giving Up Confiscated German Property.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—A statement was issued by the semi-official Havas Agency here to-day that the French Government has instructed its Charge d'Affaires in London to emphasize to the British Government the grave effects which would follow isolated action by one of the Allies concerning the carrying out of the Treaty of Versailles. This followed a note from Great Britain that she had decided to encourage the right to confiscate German property in the United Kingdom.

France holds that the right the British would waive in this way is an integral part of the Treaty of Versailles and that this clause, or any other clause in the treaty, cannot be revised without a preliminary agreement among all the signatories to the pact.

Revolts in 11 Provinces; Reds Jail Brussiloff

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Helsingfors despatches describe the situation in Moscow as very serious and declare that martial law has been proclaimed. The peasants revolted in eleven provinces because of the requisition of wheat by the Government, the despatches add.

Among those who have been cast into prison is Gen. Alexis A. Brussiloff, former commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, according to the despatches.

FRANCE SEEKING RUSSIAN TRADE

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to extend is uncertain, but The New York Herald correspondent was informed by a reliable source to-day that Poland was ready to resume the offensive on a large scale the moment the Reds violate the peace agreement entered into between the Poles and the Bolsheviks recently.

France continues to send munitions of war to Wrangel despite the refusal of the dock workers in Marseilles to load aboard ships cases containing guns. It is admitted that in case a Bolshevik offensive threatens Wrangel's movement in the Crimea, technical troops and advisers probably will also be sent to him.

Meanwhile French socialists find themselves confronted by Kerensky on his reappearance here. Before the Lenin-Trotsky coup d'état French Socialist journals lauded Kerensky as a revolutionary and anti-Czarist, and now they are unable to deny that he represents a large faction of Russian people of democratic ideals, as well as the fact that his movement has won the respect of the United States, France and Italy, where his ambassadors are constantly receiving assurances of sympathy.

On the other hand, the Socialists here, in order to "save their own face," cannot revoke their instructions not to send munitions of war to Russia about French vessels, but it is reported here that this difficulty will be overcome soon by the use of Russian ships, manned by Russian seamen, and that these Russian vessels will carry French guns, French shells and even French soldiers for use in the anti-Red campaign. Ten of these Russian ships were said to be en route to Constantinople.

Simultaneously with Kerensky's declaration that he intends to wipe out the Bolsheviks, there comes here the news of a successful appeal by Wrangel to the chiefs of nearly twenty tribal communities, who will add at least 20,000 men to his fighting strength.

The only drawback Wrangel is encountered is said to be lack of winter clothing for his troops and rifles. This, it is confidently believed, will be overcome by supplies from France, Poland and the "Little Entente" countries. Lenin's only counter stroke against this threat to his security is the tightening of discipline, especially in Moscow, where the inhabitants are prohibited from being on the streets after dark on penalty of death. The famous terror expert, Dierglinski, has been made commandant of the Moscow police. The inhabitants of that city were notified last week that every available man, woman and child there must cut wood in the forests nearby, as there was left only enough fuel for the use of the industries.

People were told they could heat only one room for each family when the temperature was below zero.

Dierglinski has not lost any opportunity to again show his cruelty. He sentenced 4,000 women to be whipped because they did not respond to his orders to chop wood, despite their plea they could not leave their babies. Later he issued an order that infants more than a month old should be placed in the Government nurseries, subject to the nationalization decree. The cruelty of this decree was proved when statistics were published in Soviet journals showing that 80 per cent. of the babies in these nurseries die before they are three months.

BULL FIGHTERS DEMAND INCREASE

MADRID, Oct. 29.—The bull fighters throughout Spain are considering concerted action with the object of securing higher pay for their services. They also desire only formulation of new rules regarding the manner in which bulls are admitted to the ring.

WRITER PREDICTS COLLAPSE OF REDS

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temporarily will be crushed, but hopes that the British troops will be so demoralized in process of time that when taken back to England to fire on their own fathers and brothers among strikers that they will refuse to fire and that that will be beginning of the ending. The omnipotent Five who rule Russia are extraordinarily confident that we are at the commencement of a movement which may have setbacks, including the crushing, temporarily, of the Russian Soviet Government, but which must end in the dictatorship of the proletariat. They point at the long period taken by the French Revolution to get under way and to the seventy years taken by the Protestant Reformation, but Trotsky thinks that the present Bolshevik movement will be much quicker and adds that he is convinced it will ultimately triumph throughout the world.

Expects Triumph Ultimately.

Trotsky said: "The proletariat, historically, is a rising plant and all repression against it will ultimately fail. The last phase of world history saw the triumph of the bourgeoisie over their kings and the present phase will end in the triumph of the workers over the bourgeoisie."

It is impossible to exaggerate the confidence with which he speaks, although he confesses that neither he nor Lenin may live to see the ultimate triumph. Lenin is greatly disappointed with the British labor delegates, who amused him by their horror at his calm suggestion that they should revolt and sack the foreign office in order to discover secret treaties.

"I told them it was the only way to find out the cleanness and fraud by which they were governed," he said. We did that, and we discovered that in our foreign office and in the Roman archives there was such a mass of mendacity and corruption that the commission employed in the collection of material probably will be unable to issue a report for six months yet."

"We have got a number of old regime diplomats working on this business. They came back from Paris with their tails between their legs. I could not convince the English delegates that if similar search were made in the English Royal and Foreign Office archives the resultant disclosures would be so appalling that the English proletariat would at once cast aside its superstitious respect for royalty as in the seventeenth century it cast aside its respect for the saint's relics. By this exposure which we are going to make, Russia will bust the king business here forever."

"We found the British delegates quite incapable of taking a broad view of these matters. They have an amazing ignorance of general principles, as well as of social science, and their minds are fixed exclusively on petty things, like the organization of strikes, and they cannot rise to the contemplation of great general principles and of profound philosophical truths which will yet change the face of the world. Nothing can overcome the narrow views and tinkering with small matters, like output and wages. One must have a great scheme in mind and be prepared to sweep away the whole social system in order to put that scheme into practice. It is a waste of time and also a danger to patch up a crumbling house. Better tear down and dig up the very foundations, and start a new building."

"Miss Pankhurst is almost the only English person who understood me, and she shared my views."

Gloating Over Bloodshed.

An astonishing impression is made by this coterie of desperate men, sitting in the palace of the Czars, waiting impatiently for news of strikes, bloodshed and revolution from the outer world and gloating over it when it comes. It was like watching a convulse of fiends in Maxim Gorky is a great admirer of Lenin, but he says:

"Sometimes I regret Lenin's activity as a Russian social reformer. This is less important than his significance as a world revolutionary. He is not only a man on whose strong will history has laid a terrible task, plunging down to bedrock the variegated, shapeless, lazy heap of human beings known as Russia. He will be a tireless, battering ram, the stupendous blows of which shake the very foundation of the towering capitalist States to the West and the East."

"For Lenin, Russia is merely material for an experiment that began on a world embracing scale. At first his thoughts filled me with pity for the Russian people, but after observing how the Russian revolution deepens, strength-

ens and organizes new forces capable of destroying the very foundations of the capitalist order I find that even if my native country is doomed to be the object of his experiment it is unjust to put the blame on this one man who is striving to transform the potential energies of the Russian working masses into kinetic, actual energy."

"When people accuse Lenin of being the author of the civil war and the terror I think of Lloyd George, with his oppression in Wales; of Clemenceau, most shameless of cynics; of Woodrow Wilson, the naive romanticist of democracy; of Socialists who voted for credits for the great European blood bath in 1914; of scientists who invented poison gas."

"I have often heard Lenin speak at meetings of workers in wonderfully simple words with a tongue of iron, with a logic as keen as a sword, but in his unyielding words I have never observed either coarse demagoguery or the grovelling phrases of the banal power. He speaks always about the same things—about the necessity of destroying utterly the inequality of men and of ways to lead to this consummation."

"These old truths sound sharp and unyielding in his mouth. It is always plain how invincibly he believes in them, and how calm his faith—a fanatic's faith, but a scientific fanatic's faith; not a metaphysical, or a mystical fanatic's faith. It seems to me that the individual human hardly interests him at all. He thinks only of the masses of men. He has the exorcism of the gift of foresight and intuition and genius. He possesses a happy lucidity of mind, achieved only through hard and unrelenting labor. A Frenchman once asked me: 'Don't you think Lenin is a thinking gullotine?' I inclined, however, to liken the working of his mind to the blows of a hammer which, possessing the gift of sight, smashes utterly that which it is high time to destroy."

"For the little bourgeoisie of all countries Lenin must, of course, appear as an Attila come to lay waste Rome. But just as ancient Rome deserved to fall, so do the crimes of this age merit the sweeping away of this world. This is a historical necessity. Nothing or nobody can longer prevent it."

"We hear walls about the precariousness of European civilization and the necessity of defending this valuable heritage against the onslaught of new Huns, but such talk comes ill from the murderers who organized the great war and who are now perpetrating such atrocities as these in Ireland."

Gorky's whole defense of Lenin shows that the great Russian writer is quite carried away with Communist fanaticism.

KAMENEFF TELLS REDS BRITAIN AIDS WRANGEL

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Leo Kameneff, formerly Russian trade agent here and who was ordered by the British Government to leave England, has arrived in Moscow and has told the Bolsheviks that the attitude of allied Governments in Europe toward them has changed in accord with the situation on the Russian war fronts.

He said Russian advisers have again raised their heads, he said. "The Allies are making still one more effort to overthrow the Soviet Government and have staked everything on Gen. Wrangel. As the day when Lloyd George told me to leave London," he stated, "the Bank of England started cashing Gen. Wrangel's checks. A direct war against Russia is very unpopular in England and home. Better tear down and dig up the very foundations, and start a new building."

"The further course of events in England and Europe depends on the manner in which Soviet Russia defeats Wrangel," added Kameneff.

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SPAIN DECLINES LOAN OF \$25,000,000 HERE

Emigration From Spanish Ports.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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MADRID, Oct. 30.—The Spanish Government has declined with thanks the offer of a loan of \$25,000,000 made by New York bankers, owing to its intention to nationalize the whole of the Spanish foreign debt.

Spanish emigration to the United States is unprecedented, every steamship leaving Ferrol, Santander, Coruna and Vigo having on board many emigrants, while 60 per cent. of the passengers aboard steamships leaving Barcelona and Valencia for France are bound for the United States.

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| Veldyne Suits <i>(Nutria or Beaver trimmed)</i> | 149.50 | 95.00 | 20 Duvet de Laine Suits | 79.50 | 55.00 |
| Veldyne Suits <i>(Mole trimmed)</i> | 129.50 | 88.00 | 12 Yalama Suits | 79.50 | 55.00 |
| Duvet de Velour Suits <i>(Opossum trimmed)</i> | 98.50 | 68.00 | 8 Velour Suits | 69.50 | 48.00 |
| Veldyne Suits <i>(Mole trimmed)</i> | 98.50 | 68.00 | 10 Silvertone Suits | 59.50 | 38.00 |
| Yalama Suits <i>(Squirrel or Mole trimmed)</i> | 85.00 | 58.00 | 50 Tricotine Suits | 59.50 | 38.00 |
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